Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

[Number 1256.] SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1796. [Volume X.

For Boſton,

The Schooner Olive,

Perez Drinkwater, maſter, will poſitively ſail on Tueſday the 20th inſt. having part of her cargo engaged. For freight or paſſage apply to J. JENKS,

Sept. 16. No. 70, North water-ſtreet.

For Norfolk and Baltimore,

The Sloop NONPAREIL,
JOHN HAMLYN, Maſter,

Will ſail in all this week. For freight and paſſage; apply to the Capt. on board, North ſide of JESSE and ROBERT, Walns wharf, or to the Subſcribers,

Who have now landing from ſaid Sloop,
A few Hhds. of high proof Antigua RUM.

The NONPAREIL is intended as a conſtant trader, between Baltimore and Philadelphia, if ſuitable encouragement is received.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH, & SON.

September 13, 1796. § 5.

FOR LONDON,

The capital ſhip CERES,

To ſail ſoon:—For freight or paſſage apply to DAVY, ROBERTS & Co. or

John Vaughan,

September 10. Front-ſtreet.

F O R S A L E,

The Schooner L A R K,

One Hundred and twenty tons burthen. A new veſſel well found, well built, & ſails extremely faſt. For terms apply to the maſter on board, or to

Joſeph Anthony & Co.

If the above veſſel is not ſold in a few days, ſhe will take freight on very low terms for Boſton.

Sept. 10. d

For Sale or Charter,

THE SNOW

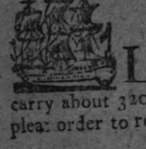
B O S T O N,

BURTHEN about 2000 Bbls. of flour—ſhe may be ſent to ſea at a ſmall expence, her ſails and rigging being in very good order—apply to

James Campbell, or
George Latimer.

April 29. §

FOR SALE,



The ſhip STAR,

JOHN VANNEMAN, Maſter,

LYING at Walnut-ſtreet wharf, Philadelphia built, of live oak and cedar, will carry about 3200 barrels, is two years old, and in compleat order to receive a cargo—For terms apply to

THOS. & JOHN KETLAND.

Who have alſo for ſale ſaid veſſels cargo—conſiſting of—
Wine and Porter bottles,
Window Glaſs, 6 by 8 to 16 by 12.
Pipes in boxes
Earthen-Ware in crates.
Grindſtones, Coals, Whiting, &c.

Aug. 29 §

At South-ſtreet wharf,

WILL BE LANDED, Friday, 19th inſt. Auguſt, by ſnow Hope, from Jamaica, and ſloop Sally, from Port-au-Prince,

300 Hhds. COFFEE,
70 Hhds. SUGAR.

Alſo, the cargo of the Swediſh brig Guſtaf Adolphe, capt. Ramſre, from Gibraltar,
1ſt and 4th proof Brandy, in pipes and hhds.
Hazle Nuts in ſacks
St. Ubes SALT, for ſale by

PETER BLIGHT.

For Charter,

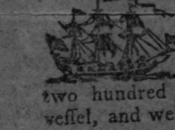
The ſaid brig

GUSTAF ADOLPHE,

A Swede, with a Mediterranean paſs, a very fine veſſel, about 200 tons burthen.

Aug. 18. §2weo2w

For Sale or Charter,



THE FAST-SAILING SHIP

LIGHT-HORSE,

LYING at Meſſ. J. & R. Waln's wharf, two hundred and ſeventy tons burthen, a ſtout, ſtrong veſſel, and well found. For terms apply to

Joſeph Anthony & Co.

Sept. 1. dtf

INDIA SALES.

ON Thurſday the 22d inſt. at 10 o'clock, A. M. will be ſold at the ſtores of Willings and Francis, a large quantity of INDIA GOODS, imported in the Ganges, from Bengal, conſiſting of

3000 pieces Gurrahs
2000 do. Baftas, different kinds
3500 do. Coſſas, do.
450 do. Humhums, do.
600 do. Patna hdkfs. for women
100 ho. Addaties
80 do Table cloths
300 do. Emerties
80 do. Punjums
300 do. Fine Mulmuls
200 do. Fine Dacca hdkfs.
100 do. worked Muſlins
100 do. Doreas
100 do. Book Muſlin
700 do. black and colored Perſians or Taffeties
1200 do. Bandannoes, chocolate, red and blue
180 do. Choppa Romals
40 quarter caſks of Hyſon Tea of good quality
40 Souchong

The coarſe goods will be ſold by the bale, the taffetas and bandannoes in lots to ſuit the purchaſers, the teas by the cheſt. The whole is entitled to the drawback, and will be ſold for approved notes, on a liberal credit.

The goods may be ſeen from the 15th inſt. to the day previous to the ſale.

JOHN CONNELLY, Auctioneer.

September 8. d

Diſſolution of Partnerſhip.

THE Partnerſhip between ROBERT ANDREWS and DAVID MEREDITH, under the firm of ANDREWS and MEREDITH, being diſſolved. All perſons who are indebted to, or who have claims againſt the ſaid houſe, are requeſted to apply for ſettlement to the ſubſcriber.

ROBERT ANDREWS,
No. 86, So. Wharves.

Sept. 6, 1796. d tf

The Cargo of the Polacre Independent,

CAPTAIN CATHCART, from Alicant and Liſbon, landing at the ſubſcribers wharf—
28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spaniſh wool
3 do. of Anniſeed
7000 Buſhels of beſt Liſbon Salt
80 Boxes of Lemons

For ſale by WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

A L S O,

Seventy Hogſheads of prime JAMAICA SUGARS, received by the ſhip Dominick Terry, Capt. De Hart, from Kingſton.

Sept. 13. d

JUST ARRIVED, from Liſbon,

And for Sale by the Subſcribers,

Liſbon Wine,

In pipes and quarter-caſks;

5000 Buſhels Liſbon Salt.

Jeſſe & Robert Waln.

Sept. 10. dtf

M A I L S,

For the following Poſt Offices, will be cloſed AT *Philadelphia* ON *Friday afternoon at ſun-ſet:—Mails from the ſame Poſt-Offices will arrive on Friday morning—*

Abbotſtown, P.	Hanover, P.	PITTSBURG, P.
Abingdon, Va.	Hagerſtown, Md.	Rockingham c. h. v
Bardſtown, K.	Harrodſburg, K.	Sharpſburgh, Md.
Bedford, P.	Hancock, Md.	Shepherdſtown, Va
Bath c. h. Va.	Jonesboro', Ten.	Springfield, K.
Bourbon, K.	Knoxville, Ten.	Stevenſburgh, Va.
Brownſville, P.	Lancaſter, P.	Straſburg, Va.
Carliſle, P.	[illegible]burg, Va.	Staunton, Va.
Chamberſburg, P.	Lexington, K.	Sweet Springs, Va.
Cincinnati, n. w. t.	Lexington, Va.	Tancy-Town, Md.
Cumberland, Md.	Louiſville, K.	Union, P.
Danville, K.	Marietta. n. w. t.	Waſhington, P,
Downingtown, P.	Millerſtown, P.	Waſhington, K.
Frankfort, K.	Martinſburg, Va.	Williamſport, Md.
Fredericktn. Md.	Montgomery, c. v.	Wincheſter, Va.
Gallipolis, n. w. t.	Morgantown, Va.	Weſt Liberty, Va.
Greenſburg, P.	Naſhville, K.	Wheeling, Va.
Gettiſburg, P.	New-Market, Va.	Woodſtock, Va.
Greenbrier c. h. v.	Oldtown, Md.	Wythe c. h. Va.
Greeneville, Ten.	Peterſburgh, P.	York P.

The MAIL from Lancaſter, P. arrives at Philadelphia, every Monday, Wedneſday and Friday, at 6 P. M. and cloſes at Philadelphia the ſame days, at 7 P. M.

The MAIL for Pottſgrove, Reading, Lebanon, and Harriſburg, will cloſe at Philadelphia, every Tueſday, Thurſday and Saturday, at 7 P. M.

General Poſt-Office, September 13, 1796. d 4t.

Waſhington Lottery.

THE Twentieth and Twenty-firſt Days' Drawing of the Waſhington Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Market-ſtreet, where tickets may be examined.

N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other lotteries may be procured.

September 15, 1796. df

FOR SALE,

WINE, London particular Madeira, 4 years old, in pipes and hogſheads
Claret, genuine old, in caſes
Gin, in pipes, from Holland
Earthen Ware, in crates
Baſket Salt, in hogſheads
Shot, Nos. 6, 7, 1 and 9
Bar Lead, Red and white dry lead
Steel, German and Ruſſia, in barrels
Anchors, cables, junk, bunting, tarpolin canvas,
Tin plates—An invoice Stationary: by

THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

July 29 §

A very valuable MERCHANT MILL,

A DISTILLERY and BREWERY, and ſundry STONE QUARRIES to be let.

I will rent my merchant Mill at the little Falls of Potowmac, for any term not leſs than ſeven, nor more than eleven years, from the firſt day of September next. The mill-houſe is 42 by 40 feet, three ſtories high, built with ſtone, and has in it three pairs of French Burr Stones, two overſhot 18 feet water-wheels, and Evans's machinery complete, with every other thing proper and neceſſary for carrying on the buſineſs with diſpatch, and at as little expenſe as poſſible, all in good order.—From the mill to my landing on the Potomac river, (where craft, of any burthen may deliver grain and take in flour) it is about 40 yards, and from thence by water to George-Town and the City of Waſhington, about 3 miles, and to Alexandria about 11 miles. This ſituation, aided by a ſufficient capital, will command the produce of a very extenſive back country, where large quantities of wheat and other grain is annually made, the diſtance to it being from 8 to 10 miles leſs than to any market town upon the navigation of the Potowmac. There are on the premiſes a large ſtone Coopers' ſhop, a ſtone granary, and a commodious miller's houſe. At the landing aforeſaid a bridge is now building over the Potomac, which is in great forwardneſs and probably will be finiſhed the enſuing fall.

There are alſo on the premiſes, a Brewery and Diſtillery, built with ſtone, in them are three ſtills, two coppers or boilers, with every neceſſary article, all new, and in good order, and ſufficiently large to carry on the Brewery and Diſtillery upon a very extenſive plan. This property I will rent for the ſame term of years.

Upon my lands adjoining the premiſes, and along the banks of the river, where craft may lead with eaſe and diſpatch, is an immenſe quantity of building and foundation-ſtones. Four quarries are now open, and as many more may be opened with eaſe: the ſtone taken from theſe quarries is better, and has the preference at this market, to any other ſtone brought to it. I will rent theſe quarries ſeparately or together as may beſt ſuit.

On the top of the hill, and about 200 yards from the mill, is a ſtone Dwelling-houſe, large enough for the accommodation of a family: alſo, a kitchen, dairy, ſmoke-houſe, &c. and a garden, encloſed and in cultivation, the ſoil of which is equal in goodneſs to any in this ſtate. I will alſo rent this property.

Adjoining to the Brewery and Diſtillery is a Smith's ſhop, in which is a complete ſet of Blackſmith's tools, which I will alſo rent, and if agreeable I will hire to the tenant two negro blackſmiths, one of them is a complete workman.

If I rent out the ſtone quarries, I will ſell three crafts, which were built for the purpoſe of carrying ſtone: they will altogether bring upwards of 90 perch. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber in this town.

The Mill, Brewery and Diſtillery, with their appurtenances, will be delivered to the tenant or tenants in good repair, and muſt be ſo returned, at the expiration of the leaſe or leaſes.

PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

Alexandria, Aug. 16—25 §3w

For Sale,

(In an excellent ſituation for buſineſs,)

A three-ſtory brick Houſe and Lot of Ground,

Eighteen feet front and twenty-five feet in depth, on the South ſide of Market near Front-ſtreet, now in poſſeſſion of Samuel Read.

Apply to

Iſrael Pleaſants, or
Charles & Joſeph Pleaſants.

Sept. 13. dtf

For Sale,

A Three ſtory BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Cheſnut ſtreet, between Front and Second ſtreets, in which Meſſrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on buſineſs.

Poſſeſſion will be given in one month, or ſooner.

For terms apply to WILLIAM BELL, or HECTOR CALBRAITH.

April 21. §

A Book-Keeper,

OR Clerk's place is wanted by a perſon properly qualified, and whoſe character will be found unexceptionable. Apply to the Printer.

Aug. 11 tf

Dutch Goods,

Received by the Pennſylvania, from Amſterdam.

GIN, in pipes
Morlaix, Ticklenburgs, Oſnaburgs } In Bales
German, Haerlem } Stripes, in caſes
Hollands, Ravens } DUCK, in ditto
[illegible] in ditto
Brittagnes, Platilles } in ditto

For Sale by *THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.*

Aug. 29 §

Sales of India Goods.

The Cargo of the ſhip Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Calcutta and Bengal,

CONSISTING OF

A Large and general aſſortment of Bengal and Madras COTTON and SILK GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE

A variety fine worked and plain Muſlins,
Doreas, &c. Alſo,
A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,
In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,

For Sale by

Willings & Francis,
No. 21 Penn Street.

June 8 §

At a ſpecial meeting of the Board of Directors for eſtabliſhing uſeful Manufactures, holden at Paterſon, July 8, 1796,

RESOLVED, That a ſpecial meeting of the Stockholders of the Society be called on the firſt Monday, being the third day of October next, at Paterſon, by ten of the clock of the ſame day; then and there to take into conſideration the propriety of diſſolving the ſaid corporation, agreeably to the law in ſuch caſe made and provided—and the Stockholders are earneſtly requeſted to attend the ſaid meeting in perſon or by proxy.

Auguſt 27 dt30thO

HIBERNIAN SOCIETY.

A QUARTERLY MEETING of the HIBERNIAN SOCIETY for the Relief of Emigrants from Ireland, will be held at Mr. M'Shane's tavern, in Third-ſtreet, on Saturday the 17th inſt. at ſeven o'clock in the Evening.

MATHEW CAREY, Sec'ry.

September 13, 1796. d5

P. S. It is particularly requeſted the members will be punctual in their attendance.

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congreſs of the United States of America, paſſed at Philadelphia, the 28th day of May, 1796; laying duties on Carriages, for the conveyance of perſons, and repealing the former acts for that purpoſe.—That there ſhall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of perſons, which ſhall be kept by or for any perſon, for his or her own uſe, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of paſſengers, the ſeveral duties and rates following, to wit.

For and upon every Coach, 15 dols.
upon every Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Poſt Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Poſt Chaiſe, 12 dols.
upon every Phaeton, with or without top, 9 dols
upon every Coachee, 9 dols.
upon other Carriages, having pannel work above, with blinds, glaſſes or curtains, 9 dols.
upon four wheel carriages, having framed poſts and tops with ſteel ſprings, 6 dols.
upon four wheel top Carriages, with wooden or iron ſprings or jacks, 3 dols.
upon curricles with tops, 3 dols.
upon chaiſes with tops, 3 dols.
upon chairs with tops, 3 dols.
upon ſulkies with tops, 3 dols.
upon other two wheel top carriages, 3 dols.
upon two wheel carriages, with ſteel or iron ſprings, 3 dols.
For and upon all other two wheel carriages, 2 dols.
upon every four wheel carriage, having framed poſts and tops, and reſting upon wooden ſpars, 2 dols.

The Collectors of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, will attend daily, until the 30th day of September next, for the purpoſe of receiving the duties on Carriages, at No. 117, in Race or Saſſafras ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, at the houſe of Daniel S. Clair, Eſq in the County of Montgomery; and at the houſe of Abraham Dubois, Eſq. in the County of Bucks; of which all perſons poſſeſſed of ſuch Carriages are deſired to take notice.

Notice is alſo given,

TO all retail dealers in Wines, and foreign diſtilled ſpirituous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing of Wines, in a leſs quantity, or in leſs quantities than 30 gallons—and one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing Spirituous liquors in leſs quantities than 20 gallons, at the ſame time and at the ſame places, by the officers legally authorized to grant ſuch licences.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,
Inſpector of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

Office of Inſpection, at Philadelphia, 21ſt July, 1796. } 30

W A N T E D,
An APPRENTICE to the Printing Buſineſs.
Enquire at this Office. Aug. 9

Roſs and Simſon

Have for Sale,

A few caſks Bees-Wax,
Of an excellent quality,
And a parcel of Lampblack.

Sept. 14. d

Juſt Landed,

96 Bags of Prime Coffee,

Entitled to drawback,
For Sale at 127, South Second-ſtreet.

Sept. 15. *d3

French Goods.

Received by the Sally, Mitchell, from Havre-de-Grace,

20 Trunks, 1 Caſe } Ladies' SHOES of all colors ſorts and ſizes
1 Ditto white and colored Silk STOCKINGS
1 Ditto Fine LAWN
1 Ditto beſt fine CAMBRIC
1 Ditto Ladies' beſt ſhammy and Grenoble Gloves

For Sale by THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

Aug. 24 §

A Single Woman,

Of a good character, that would take part of a ſmall Houſe, may hear of one by applying at No. 210, North Front-ſtreet Sept. 14. d3

Great is TRUTH and muſt prevail.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And for ſale at No. 41 Cheſnut-ſtreet by J. ORMROD,

An Apology for the Bible,

By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S.
Biſhop of Landaff, &c.

Being a complete refutation of Paine's *Age of Reaſon,*

And the only anſwer to the Second Part.

Auguſt 30. dtf

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
And ſold by WILLIAM COBBETT, oppoſite Chriſt Church,
MISS WILLIAMS'S

Laſt Leſſon to the Admirers of French Liberty.

Let thoſe who doubt of the facts ſtated in Porcupine's Bloody Buoy, read here and be convinced.

At the ſame place may be had,

Watſon's Apology for the Bible;

Being a complete refutation of that blaſphemous work falſely called the "Age of Reaſon."

As Alſo

All the Grub-ſtreet Pamphlets, vomited forth from the lungs of filth and falſehood, againſt Peter Porcupine.

Sept. 14. d3

Wm. HOLDERNESSE,

No. 76 High Street,

HAS received, by the lateſt arrivals from Europe and the Eaſt Indies, a well ſelected aſſortment of Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery and Haberdaſhery Goods; which he will ſell, Wholeſale and Retail, on the loweſt terms:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

Some fine India muſlins embroidered with gold and ſilver
Superfine Book, Jaconet, and Mulmul ditto
Do do do do Handkerchiefs
Some extra black taffeties, luteſtrings and colored Perſians
Bandano Handkerchiefs
Long and ſhort Nankeens
Engliſh Mantuas of the firſt quality
Damaſk table linen and napkins, very fine
Silk Hoſiery, an elegant aſſortment
Thead and cotton do
Umbrellas—green ſilk, oil'd do. and do cloth
French cambrics, very fine
Iriſh Linens, do. &c. &c. June 14 §

70,000 Pieces Nankeens,

Of the beſt quality and on reaſonable terms,

FOR SALE BY

Philip Nicklin & Co.

Auguſt 26. dtf

Juſt Arrived,

In the Snow Boſton, James Kirkpatrick, maſter from Liverpool,

5000 Buſhels SALT;
100 Crates QUEENS WARE; and
An Aſſortment of SHIP CHANDLERY;

F O R S A L E

On board, at Pine-ſtreet wharf.——Apply to

James Campbell, or
George Latimer.

April 29. §

C A B L E S,

From 16 to 9½ inches, for ſale by

Jeremiah Warder,

July 21 § No 12 north Third-ſtreet.

FOR SALE,

A Complete Font of Brevier,

ENtirely new, and yet unopened. The weight of this font is about 312 lb. It is from the Foundery of Wilſon & Sons, Glaſgow, and will be ſold at coſt & charges.

Alſo for Sale, a pair of Super Royal Chaſes.

Enquire at the Office of the Gazette of the Unitde Statse, 119 Cheſnut-ſtreet. Aug 19 §4w

F O R S A L E,

A very Valuable Eſtate,

CALLED *TWITTENHAM,* ſituate in the townſhip of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1-2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Weſtern road: containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the reſt arable of the firſt quality. There are on the premiſes a good two ſtory brick houſe, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, ſtables, and other convenient buildings; a ſmoke-houſe and ſtone, ſpring-houſe; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except thoſe immediately under tillage, and are ſo laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The ſituation is pleaſant and healthy, and from the high cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very ſuitable for a gentleman's country ſeat.

The foregoing is part of the eſtate of Jacob Harman, deceaſed, and offered for ſale by

Mordecai Lewis,
Surviving Executor.

Oct. 9. tt&ſ

RAYNER TAYLOR,

Music Professor,

No. 96, North-Sixth Street.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Scholars, that he has re-commenced his attendance after the ſummer vacation; and, as uſual, teaches Ladies Singing and the Piano Forte. Sept. 3. *3S

WANTED,

For any term from one to four years,

A HOUSE, pleaſantly ſituated in any of the principal ſtreets within the pavement, and not very diſtant from the State-Houſe, capable of accommodating a ſmall family; the houſe muſt have ſtables and coach houſe, and would be required to be ready by the firſt week in November next—Enquire of the printer.

Sept. 14. ttf

THE PUBLIC

IS hereby cautioned not to truſt any perſon or perſons on my account, under any pretext whatever, as I ſhall not pay ſuch debts as may have been, or hereafter may be contracted without my knowledge.

THOMAS HOGGARD.

Sept. 13. tt&ſ3

FOR SALE.

A PLANTATION,

ABOUT 12 miles from this City, ſituate in Abington Townſhip, Montgomery-County; containing 70 acres, a new ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 2 rooms on a floor, fire places in each, a ſtone kitchen, and ſtone ſpring houſe, over an excellent ſpring of water, a barn, ſtables, ſheds, barracks, &c. A large apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit, about 12 acres of good meadow well watered, and wood ſufficient for fire, and fencing the place. Poſſeſſion may be had the 1ſt of April next. Property in this city will be taken in exchange, or MORRIS and NICHOLSON'S Notes in payment. Enquire at No. 37, Arch-Street.

Philadelphia, September 13, 1796. ttſtf

To be ſold,

A PLANTATION, in the town of Woodbury, county of Glouceſter, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, containing about one hundred and fifty acres; a ſuitable proportion of which is woodland and improved meadow. A great part of the arable land is in a high ſtate of cultivation, and very natural to the production of Red-Clover. On ſaid plantation there is a genteel two-ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, and a good dry cellar under the whole; together with a barn, corn-cribs and carriage-houſe. The garden is large, and contains a good collection of the beſt kinds of grafted and inoculated fruit trees; the orchard conſiſts of about three hundred grafted apple-trees. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe ſaid premiſes, may be informed of the terms by applying to

ANDREW HUNTER.

July 29 d

No. 139.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth Day of July in the twenty-firſt Year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobſon of the ſaid Diſtrict hath depoſited in this Office the Title of a Book the Right whereof he claims as Proprietor in the words following to wit

" Selectæ e veteri Teſtamento Hiſtoriæ or ſelect Paſſa-
" ges from the old Teſtament. To which is added an
" alphabetical Vocabulary or Dictionary of the words
" contained in this Book wherein the Primitives of com-
" pound and derivative words are minutely traced and
" the Irregularities of anomalous Nouns and Verbs are
" particularly mentioned—For the uſe of thoſe who are
" entering on the Study of the Greek and Latin Languages.
" Quo citius, quo facilius, eo melius.
" By James Hardie A. M. Teacher of the Greek and
" Latin Languages"—

in conformity to the act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled, " An Act for the Encouragement of Learning by ſecuring the Copies of Maps Charts and Books to the Authors and Proprietors of ſuch Copies during the times therein mentioned.

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Diſt. Pennſylv.

No. 140.

Diſtrict of Pennſlvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th day of July in the twenty-firſt year of the Independence of the United States of America, Thomas Dobſon of the ſaid diſtrict hath depoſited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

" Unitarianiſm explained and defended in a diſcourſe
" delivered in the church of the Univerſaliſts at Philadel-
" phia 1796. By Joſeph Prieſtley, L. L. D. F. R. S. &c.
" That they might know thee the only true God and
" Jeſus Chriſt whom thou haſt ſent. John XVII. 3.
" To us there is but one God the Father of whom are
" all things. 1 Cor. VIII. 6.
" By evil report and good report as deceivers and yet
" true. 2 Cor. VI. 8.

in conformity to the act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled " An Act for the encouragement of learning by ſecuring the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Diſt. Pennſylv.

No. 141.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th Day of July in the the twenty-firſt year of the independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobſon of the ſaid diſtrict hath depoſited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

" Diſcourſes relating to the evidences of revealed reli-
" gion delivered in the church of the Univerſaliſts at
" Philadelphia 1796 and publiſhed at the requeſt of ma-
" ny of the hearers. By Joſeph Prieſtley L. L. D. F. R.
" S. &c. &c.
" Be ready always to give an anſwer to every man that
" aſketh you a reaſon of the hope that is in you.
" 1 Pet. III. 15."

in conformity to the act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled " An Act for the encouragement of learning by ſecuring the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Diſt. Pennſylv.

No. 142.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth day of July in the twenty-firſt year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobſon of the ſaid diſtrict hath depoſited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

" Conſiderations on the doctrine of Phlogiſton and the
" decompoſition of Water—By Joſeph Prieſtley, L. L.
" D. F. R. S. &c. &c.
" Qualem commendes etiam atque etiam aſpice."
" Horace."

in conformity to the act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled " An Act for the encouragement of learning by ſecuring the copies of Maps Charts and Books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch Copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Diſt. Pennſylv.

PROVIDENCE, September 10.

On Wedneſday laſt was celebrated, the anniverſary commencement of Rhode-Iſland college. The proceſſional train was formed as uſual, and at ten o'clock, A. M. proceeded to the Baptiſt meeting-houſe. The exerciſes of the day were introduced by a prayer, delivered by the Preſident.

The performances of the forenoon were,

1. An oration on the drama, with the ſalutatory addreſſes—by Benjamin B. Simons.

2. An intermediate oration, on the importation of foreign luxuries—by Abraham Blanding.

3. An intermediate oration, on the importance of the knowledge of civil rights—by Nathan Whiting.

MUSIC.

4. 2d diſpute, on the policy of eſtabliſhing a uniform ſyſtem of education throughout the United States—between Horace Senter, Joſeph Holmes, and Aſa Kimball.

5. An oration againſt religious eſtabliſhments—by John Holmes.

6. An oration, on the manifeſtation of Deity in his works—by John M. Roberts.

MUSIC.

7. Aſtronomy burleſqued, a conference—between Abraham Blanding and Nathan Whiting.

8. An oration, on the neceſſity of ſubjecting the paſſions to reaſons—by David Crane.

9. An intermediate oration, on attachment to particular ſyſtems of religious opinions—by Aſa Aldis.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on the following young gentlemen, Alumni of this College: Aſa Aldis, Abraham Blanding, Bezer Bryant, Triſtram Burges, Oliver Cobb, David Crane, John Holmes, Joſeph Holmes, Philip Hayward, Aſa Kimball, David King, John M. Roberts, Horace Senter, Benjamin R. Simons, Ben. Shurtleff, Ignatius Tomſon, and Nathan Whiting.

The degree of Maſter of Arts was conferred on the following gentlemen, Alumni of this College: Jonas [illegible], Gilbert Dench, Thomas L. Halſey, William King, Eli Smith, Lemuel Wadſworth, Iſaiah Weſton and Abram Cummings.

The honorary degree of Maſter of Arts was conferred on the following gentlemen: Rev. Laurence Butterworth. Rev. James Bicheno, and Rev. Andrew Fuller, of Great-Britain; and on Foſter Swift, Eſq. of Taunton, Maſſachuſetts.

AFTERNOON.

MUSIC.

1. An intermediate oration, on individual and national greatneſs—by Philip Hayward.

2. 1ſt diſpute, on this queſtion, Whether chriſtianity has augmented the temporal happineſs of man?—between Benjamin Shurtleff, Oliver Cobb, Bezer Bryant.

3. A dialogue—between David King, John M. Roberts, and John Holmes.

MUSIC.

4. A diſſeration in favour of female education—by David King.

5. An oration, " pleadſng the cauſe of man," together with the valedictory addreſſes—by Triſtram Burges.

An addreſs was then delivered to the graduates by the Preſident.

The day was cloſed with Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Stillman.

At the annual meeting of the corporation, on the 8th inſtant, John Brown, Eſq. reſigned the office of Treaſurer to the College, the duties of which, during a period of 21 years, he had uniformly diſcharged with reputation to himſelf and advantage to the ſeminary; for which the corporation voted him their acknowledgments, and unanimouſly elected Mr. Nicholas Brown his ſucceſſor in that office.

SPRINGFIELD (Maſſ.) Sept. 13.

ANTICIPATED NEWS!

By a gentleman from the weſtern diſtrict, on whoſe information we can rely, the votes of all the towns for a Repreſentative in Congreſs, in the place of Mr. Sedgwick appointed Senator, are for the ſeveral candidates in the aggregate, as follows, viz.

Hon. T. J. Skinner, Eſq.	1,329
Ephraim Williams, Eſq.	1,399
Scattering votes	55

So that if due return be made to the Secretary's office, Mr. Williams will be elected by a majority of fifteen votes.

The campaign has been very warm; and FEDERALISM the rallying point;—even the enemies of Mr. Williams, in electioneering, from policy, were compelled to borrow its virtues—they ſtrained every nerve to keep up its appearance. Should the above ſtatement prove not quite ſo accurate, as it is believed to be, and there ſhould be no choice—on another trial, there cannot a doubt be admitted of Mr. Williams' election.

COMMUNICATION.

THE Legiſlature of Maſſachuſetts has at laſt granted a turnpike on the great road in this county. The example is valuable, becauſe it will haſten the decline of the prejudices againſt this much-needed improvement. In a country of farmers, it is their great intereſt to have good markets; and what avails a good market if you cannot go to it with your produce, or not without loſing your money? Bad roads are a tax on the farmers of the worſt kind, for they operate to diſcourage, and of courſe to prevent the productions of the earth. In this way, they are heavier and more oppreſſive on this ſtate than the war tax of 1781.

Highway taxes are no trifles. In ſome towns, they aſſeſs large ſums yearly, which probably is many caſes are equal to an eighth, perhaps a ſixth of the coſt of a turnpike—and yet when the money is worked out, a paſſenger would be puzzled to know that any thing had been done. This is paying dear for good roads without having them. If at laſt we buy wit, it will be a good penny worth.

BOSTON, September 10.

FEDERAL AFFAIRS.

From the great number of Candidates it is probable there will not be a choice of all the Federal Repreſentatives of New-Hampſhire, at the firſt trial. The towns we have heard from, give

Mr. Jeremiah Smith,	- -	536
Abiel Foſter,	- - -	615
William Gordon,	- -	405
Nath'l. Rogers,	- - -	273
Hon. W. Langdon,	- -	314
Thomas Cogſwell,	- -	276
John Cilley,	- -	170
Nathaniel Peabody,	- -	294

The four firſt compoſe with others, who have many votes, the federal ticket.

Chriſtopher Champlin, Eſq. is elected in Rhode-Iſland. He is a firm federaliſt.

The Hon. Mr. Elmſley, is appointed Chief-Juſtice of Canada.

A London paper ſays, Sir William Geary, in gaining his election, has loſt his eſtate.—It is computed that he expended upwards of 20,000l. in the conteſt. To anſwer the demands of which the eſtates of the late Admiral Geary, are advertiſed to be ſold.

For the CENTINEL.

Mr. Ruſſell,

IT ſhould ſeem, that the diſorganizers of the United States, are the only vilifiers of their country to be found. In every other part of the world the American character and government, are ſpoken of in terms of the higheſt reſpect by all the liberal and enlightened. In France not a breath of obloquy is vented—in Holland, and in ſhort, every place I have heard from, we are not only mentioned with praiſe, but they appear happy in our proſperity. A circumſtance, though in itſelf apparently trifling, will convey the ſenſe thoſe who direct affairs in Holland, have of the Executive of the United States:—One of the new Dutch ſhips of the line, has lately been named Waſhington—an honor not conferred on any of the ſages and patriots in their own Revolution. We alſo ſee, in a Gazette Nationale, which I ſend you, the account of the celebration of the anniverſary of the French entering Holland, and of the brilliant entertainment given by Noel, the Miniſter of the French Republic, at the Hague; in which the following toaſt was given:—" The United States of America—May a robuſt and numerous population, flouriſhing commerce, profound ſecurity, and unalterable tranquillity, be the reſult of their union; and may a happy alliance with the French and Batavian republics, founded on a ſtrict regard to their intereſts and principles, render common to the three nations the means of their reſpective proſperity."—Or giving this toaſt, Citizen Dumas, Charge d'affaires of the United States, a reſpectable old man, replied to it with the livelieſt ſenſibility.

PATRIOTISM.

PITTSBURGH, September 10.

Died, in Canonſburgh, on the 28th of Auguſt, John Oliphant, A. B. lately from Philadelphia, on a tour through the weſtern country.—This young gentleman was the ſon of the late Mr. William Oliphant, teacher in the univerſity of Pennſylvania.—Of a fair and amiable character,—liberally educated, and promiſed fair to be a very valuable member of ſociety. He was ſeized with a violent dyſentery and nervous fever, which in two weeks put a period to his days in the 21ſt year of his age.

WASHINGTON (Penn.) Sept. 6.

On Sunday evening laſt, Mary Stewart, a little girl of nine or ten years old, was found murdered in the houſe of her ſtep father, James Ridgway, on Croſs creek, in this county.—It ſeems the deceaſed was left in charge of the houſe, while the reſt of the family were at meeting; and in their abſence ſome perſon committed the above horrid murder, by daſhing the child's brains out with an axe, and afterwards robbed the houſe of a ſum of money amounting to near 100 dollars, together with ſeveral other articles. A man calling himſelf ſometimes James Stewart, & at other times Brown, who was ſeen loitering about the neighbourhood a few days before, is ſtrongly ſuſpected. Several perſons are in purſuit of him, and it is hoped he will be ſhortly apprehended; and if guilty meet that puniſhment which the perpetrator of ſo horrid a crime richly deſerves.

BY THIS DAY's MAIL.

NEW-YORK, September 16.

LATEST ENGLISH ACCOUNTS.

By a gentleman who came paſſenger in the Jenny, from London, we have received London papers to the 28th July. Among the moſt important articles are the official accounts of the advances of the French armies to, and the capture of the city of Frankfort, which we have this day given at large. Other articles begin to ſpeak more confidently of a negociation for peace having taken place with the Emperor; thoſe under the Vienna head particularly, although we do not find any official or poſitive data on which the circumſtance is founded. On the ſubject, however, a letter from a gentleman at Deal to his friend in this city, dated 26th July, and received by the Jenny, has the following remarks: " I have juſt landed at this place from Havre. There is poſitive news that the Emperor has acceded to the terms propoſed by the French, and that peace will ſhortly take place."

We had on Wedneſday afternoon a ſevere though beneficial ſtorm of rain, thunder and lightning, which laſted until midnight. Our ſtreets have been drenched and cleanſed by the torrents of rain, and the atmoſphere purified by the thunder and lightning. The houſe of Mr. Joſeph Buſwell, in Water-ſtreet, near the Fly market was ſtruck, the roof perforated and the top of the chimney injured.

In the night, a public houſe, joining the balloon houſe, was ſtruck, but not much injured as we learn; the balloon houſe, and the balloon itſelf, it is ſaid, were blown away by the guſt.

A barn at Buſhwick on Long-Iſland, was burned by lightning yeſterday evening.

At the celebration of the fete in honor of American Liberty, by the citizens of the United States in Paris, on the 4th of July laſt, a cover was laid and a place reſerved which every gueſt regarded with feelings of admiration and regret. Upon the cover was fixed a paper with this inſcription: " *For General la Fayette, Commander of the American Light Infantry.*"

Mr. Gore the American Commiſſioner in England was preſented to the king on the 13th July, by Mr. Pinckney, the American Miniſter.

Died, on the 13th inſt. much lamented by his numerous friends and acquaintance, Mr. *Samuel P. Lloyd*, Merchant, of this city.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE,

By the Jenny, Captain Chauncey, arrived yeſterday in 42 days from London.

FRANCE.

COUNCIL OF ANCIENTS.

Sitting of July 8.

The Council had been in a general committee from 12 o'clock. At two, the ſitting became public, when the Preſident announced that the Council were to proceed to the *appel nominal*, for the purpoſe of voting by private ballot on the impeachment of Drouet.

All the members appeared in *coſtume*. The individual called upon was not permitted to approach the *bureau* to depoſit his vote, until the member who preceded him had returned to his place. Two Secretaries, placed one on each ſide of the Preſident, aſſiſted in inſpecting the urn where the ſuffrages were depoſited. One of the Secretaries afterwards received the bulletins regularly from the Preſident, after he had read the contents, and exhibited them to the view of the Council. The moſt profound ſilence prevailed during the ſitting. The members who did not anſwer to their names on the firſt call, were called again.

On caſting up the votes there appeared,

Preſent 199——Abſent	51
For the accuſation - -	140
Againſt it - - -	58
Majority	82

The Council then declared, that there were grounds of accuſation againſt Drouet, Repreſentative of the people, and accordingly conſigned him to the High Court of Juſtice, for trial.

The Council referred to the committees a variety of reſolutions which had been received from the Council of Five Hundred.

PARIS, July 20.

We may expect important and ſpeedy changes in the politics of Europe. It is certain that the government of England refuſed to pay the Emperor, for two reaſons: the firſt is, that money is very difficult to be found; the ſecond is, that the government would riſk the loſing of it, becauſe the Emperor would only be enabled by it to conclude a ſeperate peace, which the French armies are negociating with great activity. Every thing announces that a ſeperate peace with the Emperor is not far off. We are aſſured that the Marquis de Gallo has made ſome propoſitions on the ſubject at Baſle; that the Auſtrian miniſter and Barthelemi begin to viſit each other; that the latter has required from the Auſtrian miniſter the arreſt of the ci-devant Marquis de Potterat, who had made ſeveral journies to Switzerland and Vienna.

On the other hand the Empreſs of Ruſſia is not herſelf ſufficiently ſure of the ſupport of Auſtria ſo terribly weakened by the war; nor of the aſſiſtance of England, *who is herſelf negociating, and who, if ſhe does not conclude a ſeperate peace,* may have to reſiſt all the efforts of the French and Dutch Republics, aſſiſted perhaps by Spain.

The Empreſs appears in conſequence to have adjourned her projects againſt Turkey. She is offering an alliance with Turkey at the moment in which her troops marched, and were about to attack the Ottoman Power. She confines herſelf to conqueſts in Perſia, and round the Caſpian Sea. She labors to ſurround the Turks by degrees, and then ſhe will be able to attack them without danger.

(*L'Eclair.*)

The elections began to day in Paris for the formation of the Municipalities. Hitherto only Bureaus have been formed. Every thing is tranquil.

July 21.

We ſee with regret that the Primary Aſſemblies are not very numerouſly attended; they are, however very tranquil, and occupied alone in the object for which they were convoked.

From Inſpruck we learn, that general Wurmſer is arrived at Roveredo.

The camp that was in the plain of Grenelle has been removed to Vincennes.

A private letter from General Morlins, dated Straſbourg, announces that the Prince of Wurtemberg has ſent two miniſters to General Moreau, to treat for an armiſtice; that as his commiſſioners had not returned, and might have been taken by the Auſtrians; he ſent two more commiſſioners to Baſle; that the latter, on their arrival at Baſle having heard of the ſucceſſes of the French, and fearing that they ſhould arrive too late to ſave their maſter's territories, went directly to Straſburg, and from thence to head-quarters to treat with the commander in chief.

(*Tableau de la France.*)

The aſſemblages continue in the Thuilleries; Legendre occaſionally walks there—but is not ſeen in the group.

ARMY of the SAMBRE and MEUSE.

Official Details.

From the army of the Sambre and Meuſe, to the Executive Directory.

Head Quarters at Bonamas,
26th Meſſidor, July 14.

" Citizens Directors,

" In my communication of the 21ſt Meſſidor, I had the honour to acquaint you, that the army under my command had paſſed the Lahn. I have now to preſent you with a detail of their operations up to this day.

" On the 21ſt, the left wing under general Kleber, croſſed the Lahn in three diviſions. The left wing, commanded by general Lefebvre, effected a paſſage near Gieſſen; the centre diviſion, under the

command of general Colaud, at Wetzlaer; and the diviſion on the right at Lenn. Generals Lefebvre and Bonnard did not fall in with the enemy; but the advanced guard of general Colaud's diviſion, commanded by adjutant-general Ney, engaged in the plains in front of Butzback, general Ney's detachment, ſtationed in the vicinity of Obermeil, Mautheim and the Wetter, with the whole of his cavalry, in front of Nidermeil.

" General Kleber, at the commencement, conſidered this battle only as a ſkirmiſh between the advanced guards; but the engagement preſently aſſumed a ſerious and moſt portentous aſpect. Adjutant-general Ney, much inferior to the enemy in cavalry, advanced, and ſupported by the 20th demi-brigade of light infantry, gained in an inſtant the ſummit of the firſt height, General Kleber, rejoiced at the ſucceſs of this effort, and obſerving every column ſtationed where they had been directed, ordered general Ney to avail himſelf of his poſition, and eſtabliſh his poſts; but on receiving information that the enemy were in motion, and indicated a diſpoſition to make an attack, he directed general Colaud, who was encamped in the rear of Butzbach, to take a poſition in front of Oberweiſel for the purpoſe of ſupporting his advanced guard.

" While theſe arrangements were making, ſeveral charges of cavalry were effected, in which the 11th regiment of dragoons, and the 6th regiment of chaſſeurs diſtinguiſhed themſelves. The firſt of theſe corps having made a feint to retreat, contrived to lead the enemy's cavalry into an ambuſcade of infantry, who diſcharged a volley of ſmall ſhot and caſe ſhot. The carnage was dreadful.

" The village of Obermeil, of which our troops had previouſly taken poſſeſſion, was ſurrounded and attacked by the enemy with the utmoſt vigour—Adjutant-general Ney charged them with the greateſt impetuoſity, and repulſed them. The enemy rallied, returned to the charge, and took the poſt, after being four times repulſed; but adjutant-general Ney having rallied his troops, attacked, in his turn, and eventually ſucceeded in taking the village. This obſtinate and ſanguinary conflict, terminated at 9 o'clock in the evening.

" The detachment under the command of general Grenier, which had filed off by Weilburg, did not fall in with the enemy. The detachment under general Championet, which had filed off by Limburg, met the enemy at Oberſeltera. General Championet attacked, and the enemy retreated to Camberg, where, on their arrival, they covered the plains with their numerous cavalry, and planted their infantry in ambuſcade, in the wood of Wirges. General Championet, at the head of his infantry, gained poſſeſſion of the heights on the right and left of Camberg, and general Klein, at the head of the 12th dragoons and the 12th chaſſeurs, charged the enemy's cavalry with ſuch impetuoſity, that they were totally routed with dreadful ſlaughter.

" The battle was long and terrible. The enemy left the field of battle covered with dead bodies. Thirty-five waggon loads of their wounded have been collected, and 50 priſoners taken, among whom is an officer of diſtinction, and 150 horſes.

" After this defeat, the enemy brought freſh troops into the field, apparently to take their revenge; but a brigade of cavalry of reſerve, having come up to ſupport the 12th dragoons and 12th chaſſeurs, and ſeveral cannon being diſcharged while their operations were ſuſpended, induced them to prefer a retreat. The conduct of the republican troops, in this battle, merits the higheſt eulogiums, and entitles them to the gratitude of their country. General Klein diſtinguiſhed himſelf in an eminent degree, by his courage and military talents.

" On the 22d; general Kleber was informed that the enemy had taken poſt at Friedberg. He ſent orders to general Lefebvre, who was on the left bank of the Wetter, to puſh his advanced guard toward Bauernheim and Offenheim, to follow with his own diviſion, and to attack the enemy, but not to attack them until he was informed of the arrival of general Lefebvre. But the enemy having, in fact perceived this manœuvre, retreated with precipitation, but afterwards rallied, and drew up in order between Allenſauerbach and Roſback. They made prodigious efforts to hinder the diviſion of general Lefebvre to paſs by Offenheim and Fouerback; but, in ſpite of their reſiſtance, that diviſion aſcended the heights and maintained their poſition.

" The advanced guard of the diviſion under general Colaud, commanded by adjutant-general Ney, advanced in purſuit of the enemy as far as Ockſtadt. General Jacobin, at the head of the 43d half brigade of infantry and the 11th regiment of dragoons, marched againſt Freidburg. The gates of that city were forced open, in deſpite of a briſk fire of muſquetry and artillery; and this column, encouraged by its general, the adjutant-general Lacroix, and citizen Fridelſheim, aid de-camp to general Colaud; entered the town, drove the enemy from thence, after havsng killed upwards of 200 men: a 13 pounder, and a ſtandard, after having been taken and retaken ſeveral times, remained with our troops.

" The diviſion of general Colaud and general Bonnard having arrived, the enemy found themſelves preſſed on both flanks, and were compelled to retreat. General Richepauſe and adjutant-general Ney, purſued them until night. Beſide the piece of artillery taken at Friedberg, 2 others were taken on the plain before that town. The loſs of enemy, in the affairs of the 21ſt and 22d, may be eſtimated at 2000 men, of whom 500, including 8 officers, have been made priſoners.

" We have loſt the citizen Rouilly, aid de camp to general Lefebvre, an officer of the greateſt merit, and whoſe zeal and valour could only be exceeded by his modeſty, and the excellent qualities of his heart.

" The column commanded by general Grenier fell in with the rear of the enemy behind Homburg. General Oliver, at the head of two ſquadrons, attacked, routed and purſued them with impetuoſity. He took 130 priſoners, of whom two are officers. The enemy left ſixty dead upon the field of battle.

" The column commanded by general Championet found the enemy at Eſch. They were attacked and repulſed, but the ground was diſputed the whole day, and it was not until eight o'clock in the evening that general Championet reached the heights of Konigſtein. The column of general Bernadotte engaged the enemy on the heights of Neuhoff. They were driven near to Wiſbaden, with the loſs of ſome men killed and wounded, and twenty priſoners, of whom one was a captain.

" On the 23d, the army halted to wait for proviſions, but in the mean time general Championnet inveſted the fort of Konigſtein.

" On the 24th, the army was again on its march. The right wing paſſed the mountains and advanced to the plain of the Mein. The left wing after having paſſed the Nidda, took a poſition before Frankfort.

" On the 25th, the magiſtrates of Frankfort were ſummoned to open the gates of that city. The Auſtrians who were then in garriſon, oppoſed it, ſo that the day was paſſed in deputations from the magiſtrates to us and to the Auſtrian generals. But as the enemy ſeemed diſpoſed to occupy the place, our artillery began to fire at ten o'clock at night. In a ſhort time one quarter of the town was on fire.—Then the Auſtrians began to offer propoſitions, and a capitulation was ſigned, of which I ſend a copy. On the following morning we entered into Frankfort.

" The troops have fought in all theſe actions with their uſual courage.

Signed, " JOURDAN."

The Commiſſary of Government with the Army of the Sambre and Meuſe, to the Executive Directory.

" Citizens Directors.

" The enemy made no reſiſtance, as was expected, in their poſition at Bergen. They entered Frankfort, where they threatened a defence, which had no other object than to gain time to evacuate their magazines. Frankfort is out of the reach of a coup de main; it is defended by a wall and a ditch filled with water.

" The inhabitants yeſterday ſent ſeveral deputations to Gen. Kleber and Jourdan, to pray that they would not fire on the town. Theſe meaſures only proved their want of power to compel the Auſtrians to depart. It became neceſſary therefore to quicken the deciſion. Every prepara ion was therefore made for a vigorous attack, and during the night a continual diſcharge of howitzers ſet many houſes on fire. In the morning articles of capitulation were propoſed. We are taking all the neceſſary meaſures to inſure to the Republic all the advantages which it has a right to expect from the conqueſt of this great city.

" The commander in chief is preparing to purſue with vigour the operations of the campaign. The enemy is in a ſtate of diſcomfiture and diſorganization. A report prevails here that the Saxon troops are again preparing to ſeparate from the Coaleſced armies.

" Health and Reſpect,

Signed, " JOUBERT."

LONDON, July 14.

Letters from Madrid, of ſo late a date as June 14, were received by the late Liſbon mail which afford an additional contradiction to the report of the Prince of Peace having made a hoſtile declaration to the Britiſh Miniſter. They ſtate, that the Marquis of Bute having made repreſentations to the Spaniſh Miniſter of the proceedings of the French cruizers in the Mediterranean ſeas, which greatly annoyed our trade, the Spaniſh Miniſter returned for anſwer that, according to a ſecret article in the late treaty of peace between Spain and France, French cruizers were permitted to ſail in and out of Spaniſh ports as often as they choſe ſo to do, and to bring in their prizes: but that in order to avoid all jealouſy of preference, Engliſh ſhips ſhould have the ſame permiſſion, as well as to victual in Spaniſh ports. Admiral Jervis, in conſequence of this permiſſion, has ſtationed a frigate and two cutters between Gibraltar and Alicant, as well for the purpoſe of watching the motions of the French cruizers, as for affording protection to the Engliſh trade.

July 15.

The intelligence from Italy is moſt important. The French have compl ted their conqueſts in Lombardy, by the reduction of the citadel of Milan. They have however been obliged to convert the ſiege of Mantua into a blockade, after ſeveral attempts, particularly on the 6th, 7th and 8th of June, to take it by ſtorm. In theſe attacks, it is allowed, in the French papers themſelves, that they loſt a great number of men.

They have therefore very prudently changed their plan; and to prevent any further unneceſſary effuſion of blood, they have reſolved to wait till Mantua ſhall fall by want; as it inevitably muſt, unleſs the Imperialiſts ſhould be able to take the field in ſuperior force to the French; a circumſtance which, from late events, muſt by the moſt ſanguine be conſidered as hopeleſs.

Advices were yeſterday received at the Admiralty office, from Admiral Sir John Jervis in the Mediterranean, and from General O'Hara, Governor of Gibraltar

The accounts from Sir John Jervis ſtate the ſucceſs of Captain Macnamara, of the Southampton frigate, in capturing a French frigate of 24 guns.

The Engliſh commander had ſailed into the road of Toulon with a view of cutting out this veſſel, which they had nearly accompliſhed, when the Captain of the Frenchman fired at Captain Macnamara, but being immediately returned, the French officer fell; in conſequence a general engagement took place between the ſailors belonging to both veſſels, when 20 of the enemy were killed, and the French frigate towed out of the harbor by the Engliſh ſeamen, amidſt the fire from the fort, with the loſs of only one man.

The Emperor, on account of his ill health, is gone to drink the waters of Biſden.

The price of gold is becoming more formidable every hour.

The arrears of the civil liſt, &c. &c. ſtill continue. No money, nor order for any money, is yet iſſued.

The outward bound Mediterranean convoy has been ſtopped from proceeding, at the requeſt of the merchants, who preſented a memorial to that effect to Earl Spencer. Sir Hyde Parker's ſquadron, now under orders for ſailing for thoſe ſeas, is to be reinforced.

The courſe of exchange with Hamburgh and Altona yeſterday continued 33, 7 and 8. The Dublin courſe was 9 1-2.

July 16.

A COMPLETE COPY OF THE ARMISTICE,

Between the French Republic and the Pope.

1. WISHING to give a proof of that reſpect which the French government entertains for his Majeſty the King of Spain, the commander-in chief and the civil commiſſioners of the army of Italy grant a ſuſpenſion of hoſtilities to his Holineſs, counting from this day till five days after the cloſe of the negociation, which ſhall be opened at Paris for the concluſion of a definitive peace.

2. The Pope ſhall ſend with all poſſible expedition to Paris a plenipotentiary, in order to obtain from the Executive Directory a definitive Peace, by offering the neceſſary reparations for the outrages and inſults which the French endured in his ſtates, and particularly for the murder of Baſſeville, and the recompence due to his family.

3. The individuals detained in the territories of the Pope for their political opinions, ſhall immediately be ſet at liberty, and re-enter into the poſſeſſion of their effects.

4. The ports belonging to the Pope's ſtates ſhall be ſhut to all veſſels belonging to the powers at war with the French republic, and open to French ſhips.

5. The French army ſhall remain in poſſeſſion of the legations of Bologna and Ferrara, and ſhall occupy that of Faenza.

6. The citadel of Ancona ſhall, in ſix days, be put into the poſſeſſion of the French troops, with its artillery, ſtores and proviſions.

7. The city of Ancona ſhall continue under the civil government of the Pope.

8. The Pope ſhall yield to the French Republic a hundred pictures, buſts, vaſes and ſtatues, at the choice of commiſſioners, to be ſent to Rome, among which are ſpecifically compriſed the buſts in bronze of Junius Brutus, and that in marble of Marcus Brutus, both placed in the capitol. The Pope ſhall alſo deliver up five hundred manuſcripts, at the choice of the ſaid commiſſioners.

9. The Pope ſhall pay to the French Republic 21 millions of French money; of which fifteen millions five hundred thouſand livres ſhall be in ſpecie or ingots, the remaining five millions five hundred thouſand livres in goods, merchandize, horſes, &c.

10. The fifteen millions five hundred thouſand to be paid in three inſtalments: five millions in fifteen days, five millions in the following month, and the remainder within three months.

11. The five millions five hundred thouſand livres in goods ſhall be faithfully delivered according to the demands made from the ports of Genoa Leghorn, and thoſe places occupied by the army, which ſhall be pointed out.

12. Thoſe 21 millions ſhall be independent of the contributions which ſhall be levied on Bologna, Ferrara and Faenza.

13. The French troops ſhall have a free paſſage through all the territories of the Pope.

July 20.

The accounts from the Lower Rhine mention, that the French were rapidly advancing to Frankfort. On the night of the 6th, the Auſtrian camp at Neurkirchen was turned and attacked on all ſides—the conteſt was very deſperate; but the French were ſucceſsful, and the Auſtrians were defeated with great loſs. An article from Weſel, dated on the evening of the 9th, ſays, that after the battle of Neurkirchen, the French General Lefebvre paſſed the Lahn.

His Pruſſian Majeſty has taken poſſeſſion of Nuremberg and Erlangen. His claims upon theſe two places are founded upon ſome decrees of the Chamber of the Empire, of ſo old a date as the year 1583, and 1587.

July 28.

The homeward bound Weſt India fleet under convoy of the Grampus, of 54 guns, arrived on Tueſday evening off the Iſle of Wight, and proceeded for the Downs with a fair wind.

The Paris papers which we received this morning enable us to add but little to the details extracted from the papers that arrived yeſterday. From the armies of Jourdan and Moreau there is no news. The Duke of Brunſwick's miniſter has notified to the Imperial miniſters at Ratiſbon that an army of troops, belonging to the King of Pruſſia, the Duke of Brunſwick, and other ſtates of the empire, is aſſembled for the purpoſe of preſerving the tranquillity of the North of Germany, and for preventing any invaſion of that part of the empire.

It is very ſtrongly rumoured that Parliament will be ſummoned to meet in the month of September next.

The French have certainly gained more battles and more territory in a few weeks than any conquerors have done before in any war, but Mr. Pitt ſays we muſt have indemnity for the paſt and ſecurity for the future.

Mr. Pinckney, the American envoy, had an audience of leave, on his return home, and immediately after, Mr. King had a cloſet audience to deliver his letters credential, to which they were ſeverally introduced by lord Grenville, Secretary of ſtate, and conducted by Mr. Cottrell, aſſiſtant maſter of the ceremonies.

Extract from the official Bulletin.

FRIBOURG, 14 Meſſidor, July 2.

A very ſevere action took place yeſterday, between Copel and Eudengen. After an obſtinate engagement, the Auſtrians were obliged to give way, and the emigrants of the corps de Conde, were put to route. From that moment the Auſtrian general declared he found himſelf obliged to abandon the Briſgau, and that every one muſt ſave himſelf if he could. The emigrants diſbanded; they flew, but were hemmed in on all ſides; they endeavoured to paſs by the advanced guard of the French troops, but the peaſants, armed with pick-axes and forks, would not be deceived by them; they killed a great number.

The baggage of the Auſtrians and Emigrants is already upon the confines of the Black Foreſt. The hoſpitals, and part of the carriages, take the road of the foreſt towns of Conſtance, by Rheinfelden.

PARIS, JULY 10.

We are aſſured that the troops which we have at preſent in Italy, amounts to 66,000 men, and that Buonaparte wants to march with his army to Vienna, not to Tyrol, but through the Venetian States, acroſs which the route is more eaſy and ſhorter. Buonaparte expects all the prodigies of enthuſiaſm and boldneſs from an army ſo frequently victorious. We [illegible] only too long an activity, and the heats of the dog days.

We expect in a few days at Paris, an Ambaſſador from the Bey of Tunis, who paſſed through Lyons on the 9th Meſſidor (June 27) his name is Mahommad Gogga; he is Commander General of the navy of Tunis. In his paſſage through Lyons, he was allowed a guard of honour.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1796.

GAZETTE OF THE *UNITED STATES* MARINE LIST.

ARRIVED.

Ship General Waſhington, Perry,	Liverpool	60
Schr. Lucy, Boſtwick,	North Carolina	5
Sloop Mill River, May,	Virginia	7
Patience, Webb,	New-York	7
Polly, Hill,	N. Carolina	5

Capt. Perry of the General Waſhington, ſpoke the ſhip Federal George, on the 17th of Auguſt, from Liſbon, bound to Boſton, the captain of which informed, that war was declared by France, againſt the Queen of Portugal. On the 27th ſpoke the ſhip Hope from Salem for Bourdeaux, out eight days.

NEW-YORK, September 16.

ARRIVED,

		days
Ship Diana, ——,	Aux-Cayes	
Jenny, Chauncey,	London	
Brig Lewis, Chadwich,	Port-au Prince	
Schr. Sally, Robinſon,	Wilmington	

Ship Jenny, Captain Chauncey, 42 days from London, ſailed in company with the following veſſels:

Ship Fair American, Goodrich for New-York—brig Eliza, Wilſon, do. ſhip Henry, Stanton, for Alexandria, ſhip Charles Carter, ———, Baltimore; Rebecca, of Philadelphia, for Philadelphia; ſhip John, of Boſton, bound to Boſton;—about twelve ſail of American veſſels bound to St. Ubes.

The Ship Elice, Harvey, was to ſail the following day.

Auguſt 12, in lat. 46, 36, was boarded by the Tartar frigate, one of the convoy of the Gibraltar fleet, conſiſting of 70 ſail, under convoy of 8 men of war.

Aug. 15, lat. 48, 13, ſpoke the ſchr. Clary, from Bourdeaux bound to N. York.

Ship James of New-York, capt. Conklin, arrived at Falmouth while the Jenny lay in the Downs.

Capt. Meaſe, of the Margaret from Bourdeaux, ſpoke going up the river to Bourdeaux as he came out, the ſhip Fame of Philadelphia, capt. Wilſon.

On the 4th Sept. ſpoke a Bremen ſhip from Baltimore bound to Bremen, out 6 days, all well, lat. 39, 1, N. long. 66, 39.

Schooner Betſey, Capt. Taylor, from Jamaica, 5 weeks, in lat. 23, 37, N. long. 91, 15, W. the Matanzas in ſight, bearing S. by W. diſtant 10 leagues; ſhe had the Mary, of Liverpool, in tow, which loſt all her maſts, and bowſprit in a heavy gale of wind, and a tranſport in company with them, which had loſt her fore-top maſt; they parted the reſt of the fleet on Tueſday, the 29th Auguſt; ſhe told us ſeveral were diſtreſſed greatly.

Providence, September 10.

From a Correſpondent at Halifax.

American veſſels captured and ſent into Halifax, for trial and adjudication.

Ship Succeſs, Badcock, from Bourdeaux for Philadelphia, taken the 7th of July. Condemned, for reaſons unknown to the maſter.

Brig John, Smith, from St. Domingo for Philadelphia. On trial.

Brig Friendſhip, Smith, from Aux Cayes for Baltimore, taken off Cape Henry, the Light house 2 leagues diſtant, with a pilot on board, on the 14th of July, by the Prevoyante; one man impreſſed, a native of Newbury Port, although he produced a protection. On trial.

STOCKS.

Six per Cent.		17/7
Three per Cent.		10/7
$4\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent.	none for ſale.	14/ laſtprice
$5\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent.		16.6
Deferred Six per Cent.		13/6 to 7
BANK United States,		20 pr. cent.
——— Pennſylvania,		27
——— North America,		46
Inſurance Comp. North-America,		40 per cent. adv.
——— Pennſylvania,		5 per cent.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

On London, at 30 days, per £.100 ſterl.		par.
——— at 60 days,	par to	162 1-2
——— at 90 days,	161 à 162	1-2
Amſterdam, 60 days, per guilder,		42
——— 90 days,		40

NOTICE.

THE Perſon who ſo miraculouſly ſucceeded in taking away a Horſe-Whip on Friday evening, at the houſe of Mrs. Marſhall, Gloſter-Point, is requeſted to return it to its owner, otherwiſe he will hear of—*ſomething elſe.*

Sept. 17. 1

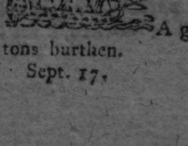
FOR SALE,

By N. and J. FRAZIER,

No. 95, S. Front-ſtreet,

Prime Boſton Beef, in barrels.
Georgia Cotton.
Carolina Rice and Indigo.
Sherry and Teneriffe Wines, of excellent quality.
Ravens Duck.
Indio Bandanno's.
Sewing Silks, various colours.
Coſſahs and Gurrahs.

Sept. 17. 3taw 4w.



For Charter,

The Daniſh Barque BENEVENTURA,

Samuel Stub, maſter,

A good veſſel, of about two hundred tons burthen. JESSE & ROBERT WALN.

Sept. 17. dtf

A Manufactory FOR SALE.

A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, ſituate in a convenient part of the city; the works almoſt new, on an entirely original conſtruction, and built of the beſt materials, and may be ſet to work immediately. Perſons who wiſh to purchaſe are requeſted to apply at No. 273, South Second Street.

September 13. ttſ tf

Treaſury of the United States.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who are or may be Creditors of the United States, for any ſums of the *Funded Debt, or Stock, bearing a preſent intereſt of ſix per centum per annum.*

1ſt, That purſuant to an Act of Congreſs paſſed on the 28th day of April, 1796, intitled an act in addition to an act, intituled "An act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," the ſaid debt or ſtock will be reimburſed and paid in manner following, to wit. "Firſt, by dividends "to be made on the laſt days of March, June and Septem- "ber for the preſent year, and from the year one thouſand "ſeven hundred and ninety-ſeven, to the year one thou- "ſand eight hundred & eighteen incluſive, at the rate of "one and one half per centum upon the original capital. "Secondly, by dividends to be made on the laſt day of "December for the preſent year, and from the year one "thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-ſeven, to the year "one thouſand eight hundred and ſeventeen incluſive, at "the rate of three and one half per centum upon the ori- "ginal capital; and by a dividend to be ma e on the laſt "day of December, in the year one thouſand eight hun- "dred and eighteen, of ſuch ſum, as will be then ade- "quate, according to the contract, for the final redemp- "tion of the ſaid ſtock."

2d. All diſtinction between payments on account of *Intereſt* and *Principal* being thus aboliſhed by the eſtabliſhment of the permanent rule of reimburſement above deſcribed, it has become neceſſary to vary accordingly the powers of attorney for receiving dividends; the public creditors will therefore obſerve that the following form is eſtabliſhed for all powers of attorney which may be granted after the due promulgation of this notice, viz.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that I of in do make, conſtitute and appoint of my true and lawful Attorney, for me, and in my name, to receive the dividends which are, or ſhall be payable according to law, on the (here deſcribing the ſtock) *ſtanding in my name in the books of* (here deſcribing the books of the Treaſury or the Commiſſioner of Loans, where the ſtock is credited) *from* (here inſert the commencement and expiration of time for which the power of attorney is to continue) *with power alſo an attorney or attornies under him, for that purpoſe to make and ſubſtitute, and to do all lawful acts requiſite for effecting the premiſes, hereby ratifying and confirming all that my ſaid Attorney or his ſubſtitute, ſhall lawfully do, by virtue hereof.*

In Witneſs hereof, I have hereunto ſet my Hand and Seal the day of in the year

Sealed and Delivered in preſence of,

BE IT KNOWN, that on the day of efore me perſonally came within named and acknowledged the above letter of attorney to be his act and deed.

In teſtimony whereof I have hereunto ſet my Hand and affixed Seal the day and year laſt aforeſaid.

Given under my Hand at Philadelphia, this twentieth day of July 1796, purſuant to directions from the Secretary of the Treaſury.

SAMUEL MEREDITH,
Treaſurer of the United States.

July 23. w & ſ t I J.

For Sale,

A LARGE ELEGANT AND WELL FINISHED

Three-ſtory Brick Houſe,

(The late reſidence of General Walter Stewart)

WITH a LOT of GROUND thereunto belonging, the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, near Union-ſtreet containing in front 32 feet, and in depth 100 feet, to an alley leading into Union-ſtreet. The houſe is 32 feet front and 50 feet deep; the ſeveral rooms contained in it are large, commodious, and completely finiſhed; the two firſt ſtories are each 13 feet high; there are 20 mahogany doors in the houſe; a geometrical ſtaircaſe, with mahogany rails and a good ſky-light. The kitchen is in the cellar, which is ſpacious and convenient, and finiſhed with an oven, ſtew-holes and pantries, a ſervants' hall and large wine-cellar adjoining the kitchen, in front of which is an area in which there is a pump The yard is vaulted. Communicating with the ſaid building is a neat three-ſtory brick houſe, on the north ſide of Union-ſtreet, containing 30 feet front by 20 feet deep; the lower part of which is at preſent occupied as a compting-houſe, and the upper part divided into well-finiſhed large chambers. This houſe may at a ſmall expenſe be converted into a convenient dwelling: The ſtreet door is very handſome, and the front and back have Venetian window-ſhutters. Adjoining the laſt houſe, upon the lot belonging to the firſt, are erected bathing-rooms, &c. There are likewiſe very good coach-houſe and ſtables finiſhed equal (or nearly ſo) with any in the city, on a lot containing on Union ſtreet 30 feet, and in depth on the weſt ſide of ſaid alley 52 feet. There are good cellars under the whole of the buildings, and a wine room over part of the ſtable, with a hay-loft over the remainder. For further particulars enquire of

EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
At their Office No. 64 Dock-ſtreet. between Walnut & Pear t&ſ ſtreets.

6th month 24th, 1796.

LANDS of the UNITED STATES

Treaſury Department, Auguſt 3, 1796.

Public Notice is hereby Given,

IN purſuance of an act of Congreſs, paſſed on the 18th day of May, 1796, entitled "An act providing "for the ſale of the lands of the United States, in the Territory north weſt of the river Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river," that the ſections or lots of land deſcribed in the annexed ſchedule, lying in the ſeven ranges of townſhips, which were ſurveyed in purſuance of an ordinance of Congreſs, paſſed on the twentieth day of May, in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, will be expoſed for ſale at Public vendue, in the town of Pittſburgh in Pennſylvania, on the twenty-fourth day of October next, and thenceforward, from day to day until the firſt day of December enſuing, unleſs the ſaid lots ſhall be ſooner ſold, in the manner, and on the terms and conditions herein after mentioned, to wit:

1ſt. The ſaid ſections or lots ſhall be ſold under the direction of the Governor or Secretary of the Weſtern Territory, and ſuch perſon as the Preſident of the United States may ſpecially appoint for that purpoſe.

2d. The ſaid ſections or lots ſhall be ſold to the higheſt bidder, but no ſale can be made for leſs than two dollars per acre of the quantity of land contained in ſuch lot or ſection.

3. The higheſt bidder as before mentioned, muſt depoſit at the time of ſale, one twentieth part of the purchaſe money, in the hands of ſuch perſon as the Preſident of the United States ſhall appoint to attend the ſales for that purpoſe, which will be forfeited, if a moiety of the ſum bid, including the ſaid twentieth part, ſhall not be paid within thirty days from the time of ſale.

4th. Upon payment of a moiety of the purchaſe money in the manner before mentioned, the purchaſer will be entitled to one year s credit for the remaining moiety; and ſhall receive from the Governor or Secretary of the Weſtern Territory, and the perſon who ſhall be appointed by the Preſident of the United States, to direct the ſales, a certificate deſcribing the lot or ſection purchaſed, and declaring the ſum paid on account, the balance remaining due, the time when ſuch balance becomes payable, and that th whole land therein mentioned, will be forfeited, if the ſaid balance is not then paid; but if the ſaid balance ſhall be duly diſcharged, by paying the ſame to the Treaſurer of the United States, the purchaſer or his aſſignee or other legal repreſentative, ſhall be entitled to a patent for the ſaid lands, on his producing to the Secretary of State a receipt for ſuch balance endorſed upon the certificate. But if any purchaſer ſhall make payment of the whole of the purchaſe money, at the time when the payment of the firſt moiety is directed to be made, he will be entitled to a deduction of ten per centum on the part for which a credit is authorized to be given; and his patent ſhall be immediately iſſued.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury

Schedule of ſections of townſhips, or fractional parts of townſhips, to be ſold at Pittſburgh, in purſuance of the 6th ſection of an act of Congreſs, paſſed on the 18th day of May, 1796.

No. of Lot.	Acres.	100ths.
1ſt RANGE.		
1ſt Townſhip.		
28	5	65
29	256	95
30	250	75
34	240	90
35a36	640	each
2d Townſhip		
19	1	40
20	170	70
21	185	
22	2	30
25	488	80
26a27	640	each
28	560	
29	551	60
30	564	
31a36	640	each
4th Townſhip.		
19	64	
25	640	
26	387	60
27	36	
31a32	640	each
33	616	
34	445	20
35	222	50
36	16	20
5th Townſhip.		
6	139	20
12	479	30
17	304	15
18	638	50
23	450	75
24	640	
29	184	
30	640	
35	312	80
36	640	
2d RANGE.		
1ſt Townſhip.		
28	7	20
34	6	50
3d Townſhip.		
24a26	640	each
28	499	16
29	640	
31a33	640	each
4th Townſhip.		
11	26	40
12	397	50
13	51	50
15	27	50
16	259	20
17	524	
18	640	
19	635	
20	584	80
21	636	21
22a36	640	each
5th Townſhip.		
5	636	
6a7	640	each
23a25	640	each
27a28	640	each
32a36	640	each
7th Townſhip.		
3	640	
8th Townſhip.		
1a5	640	each
6	440	
7a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
9th Townſhip.		
6	640	
8	312	30
11	640	
13a14	640	each
19a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
3d RANGE.		
2d Townſhip.		
15	640	
16	600	
20	557	50
21a22	640	each
23	609	
25a36	640	each
3d Townſhip.		
9	188	60
10	344	
11	267	
12	152	
14	202	50
15	630	
16a18	640	each
19	217	50
20	616	75
21a36	640	each
4th Townſhip.		
1	170	
2	544	
3	320	
4	4	50
5	120	
6	640	
7	563	
8a9	640	each
10	540	80
11	529	70
12a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
6th Townſhip.		
8a12	640	each
14	640	
17a20	640	each
25a36	640	each
8th Townſhip.		
3a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23	640	
25a30	640	each
33a36	640	each
10th Townſhip.		
1a2	640	each
5a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
12th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
4th RANGE.		
1ſt Townſhip.		
24	636	50
29	636	50
30	640	
34	615	
35a36	640	each
2d Townſhip.		
2	265	60
3a6	640	each
7	265	20
8	633	
9a12	640	each
13	635	
14	640	
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
3d Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
5th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
7th Townſhip.		
1a2	640	each
5a7	640	each
12a13	640	each
18a19	640	each
25	640	
30a36	640	each
9th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
11th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
13th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
5th RANGE.		
1ſt Townſhip.		
18	274	40
22	87	50
23	427	50
24	640	
26	70	
27	394	20
28	634	
29a30	640	each
31	18	
32	584	80
33a36	640	each
2d Townſhip.		
2	180	20
3	430	
4	448	
5	456	
6	464	80
7	250	
8	618	
9a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
4th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
6th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
8th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
10th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
12th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
14th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
6th RANGE.		
1ſt Townſhip.		
17	3	20
18	270	
21	8	50
22	166	40
23	427	
24	640	
27	151	80
28a30	640	each
33	58	
34a36	640	each
2d Townſhip.		
1	126	
2	440	
3	448	
4	456	
5	464	
6	472	
7	340	
8a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
3d Townſhip.		
1	470	
2	478	
3	486	
4	494	
5	502	
6	510	
7a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
5th Townſhip.		
1	518	
2	526	
3	534	
4	540	
5	548	
6	556	
7a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
7th Townſhip.		
1	566	
2	571	40
3	576	
4	585	60
5	593	
6	601	
7a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
9th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
11th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
13th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
15th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
7th RANGE.		
1ſt Townſhip.		
30	4	20
36	132	50
2d Townſhip.		
3	35	
4	625	
5a6	640	each
9	296	
10a12	640	each
14	30	
17a18	640	each
19	14	
20	496	
23a24	640	each
25	380	
26a37	640	each
4th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
6th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
8th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
10th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
12th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
14th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each
16th Townſhip.		
1a14	640	each
17a20	640	each
23a36	640	each

NOTE.

THE quantities of Lands in the ſeveral townſhips before mentioned, are excluſive of the Lots reſerved by the United States and alſo of thoſe formerly ſold—The aggregate quantities in the ſeveral townſhips or fractional parts of townſhips, have been aſcertained by actual ſurvey; the quantities in particular lots or ſections, have been no otherwiſe aſcertained than by calculation.

LANDS of the United States.

Treaſury Department,

Auguſt 8, 1796.

Public Notice is hereby given,

IN purſuance of an act of Congreſs paſſed on the 18th day of May, 1796, entitled "an act providing "for the ſale of the Lands of the United States, in the territory north-weſt of the river Ohio, and above "the mouth of Kentucky river," that the Quarter Townſhips of land deſcribed in the annexed ſchedule, lying in the ſeven ranges of townſhips which were ſurveyed in purſuance of an ordinance of Congreſs, paſſed on the twentieth day of May, in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, will be expoſed for ſale at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Merchants' Coffee-Houſe in Philadelphia, on the 4th day of January next, and thenceforward from day to day, until the tenth day of February enſuing, unleſs the ſaid quarter townſhips ſhall be ſooner ſold, in the manner and on the terms and conditions hereinafter mentioned: viz

1ſt. The ſaid quarter townſhips ſhall be ſold to the higheſt bidder, but no ſale can be made for leſs than two dollars per acre of the quantity of land contained in ſuch quarter townſhip.

2d. The higheſt bidder as before mentioned, muſt depoſit at the time of ſale, one twentieth part of the purchaſe money, in the hands of the Treaſurer of the United States, which will be forfeited if a moiety of the ſum bid, including the ſaid twentieth part, ſhall not be paid within thirty days from the time of ſale.

3d. Upon payment of a moiety of the purchaſe-money in the manner beforementioned, the purchaſer will be entitled to one year's credit for the remaining moiety; and ſhall receive a certificate deſcribing the quarter townſhip purchaſed, and declaring the ſum paid on account, the balance remaining due, the time when ſuch balance becomes payable, and that the whole Land therein mentioned will be forfeited, if the ſaid balance is not then paid; but if the ſaid balance ſhall be duly diſcharged, by paying the ſame to the Treaſurer of the United States, the purchaſer or his aſſignee or other legal repreſentative, ſhall be entitled to a patent for the ſaid land, on his producing to the Secretary of State a receipt for ſuch balance, endorſed upon the certificate. But if any purchaſer ſhall make payment of the whole of the purchaſe money at the time when the payment of the firſt moiety is directed to be made, he will be entitled to a deduction of ten per centum on the part for which a credit is authorized to be given; and his patent ſhall be immediately iſſued.

GIVEN under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year abovementioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

S C H E D U L E

Of Quarter-Townſhips to be ſold at Philadelphia, in purſuance of the 6th ſection of an act of Congreſs paſſed on the 18th day of May, 1796.

No. of Range.	No. of Townſhip.	Quarter Townſhips.	Acres.	Total number of acres for ſale in each Townſhip.
2		South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
3	5	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	7	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	9	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	11	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
4	4	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	6	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	8	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	10	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	12	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
5	3	South Eaſt	4602	
		North Eaſt	4654	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	19,496
	5	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	7	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
6	9	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
5	11	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	13	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
6	4	South Eaſt	4630	
		North Eaſt	4620	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	19,490
	6	South Eaſt	4730	
		North Eaſt	4715	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	19,685
	8	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	10	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	12	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	14	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
7	3	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	5	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	7	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	9	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	11	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	13	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480
	15	South Eaſt	5120	
		North Eaſt	5120	
		South Weſt	5120	
		North Weſt	5120	20,480

NOTE.

THE quantities of Lands in the ſeveral townſhips before mentioned, are excluſive of the Sections reſerved by the United States. The aggregate quantities in the ſeveral townſhips, have been aſcertained by actual ſurvey; but the quantities in the quarter townſhips, have been no otherwiſe aſcertained than by calculation.

Waſhington Canal Lottery,

No. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authoriſed the underwritten, to raiſe twenty-ſix thouſand, two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpoſe of cutting a Canal through the City of Waſhington, from th Potomac to the Eaſtern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. I.

Viz 1	Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
1	ditto	10,000	10,000
7	laſt drawn Tickets, each	5,000	35,000
6	ditto	1,000	6,000
10	ditto	400	4,000
20	ditto	100	2,000
55	ditto	50	2,750
5750	ditto	12	69,008
	To be raiſed for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars, -		175,000

☞ The Commiſſioners have taken the Securities required by the aforeſaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as ſoon as the Tickets are ſold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in ſix months after the drawing is finiſhed, ſhall be conſidered as relinquiſhed for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(*Signed*) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, of D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.

City of Waſhington, Feb. 11. §

PRINTED BY JOHN FENNO,
—No. 119—
CHESNUT-STREET.
[Price Eight Dollars per Annum.]